## MONROE DOCTRINE IN SOUTH AMERICA

This Country's Duty Toward Sister Republics.

CLAIMS AND OBLIGATIONS

Some of the political complications which now distract South America, with the interests the United States has therein, are treated in "The Question of the Pacific," by Mr. F. A. Pezet, charge d'affaires of the Peruvian legation in Washington. Mr. Pezet is well qualified by reason of his official position and his extended diplomatic service in South America, the United States and Europe to give a comprehensive view of the South American controversies of which he treats. Much of the work is devoted to the long-pending controversy between Chile and Peru over the provinces of Tacna and Arica, which Chile wrung from Peru after the bloody war between those two countries, and has since held, despite the treaty provision that their ultimate sovereignty should be determined by a vote of the inhabitants.

#### Missions in Interests of Peace.

But, aside from the Tacna and Arica question. Mr. Pezet's work is valuable in bringing out some of the phases in which the United States has taken a leading part in South American affairs. It appears that no less than three different missions were sent from this country to South America to mediate between Chile and Peru, and to prevail upon the former country not to be too harsh in its demands upon its weaker These missions were sent during the Haves, Garfield and Arthur administra At the outset it was clear that th United States took a very broad view of the Monroe doctrine in its application to the political troubles of South America. Mr. Pezet quotes a letter to Secretary Blaine, written by Mr. Hurlbut, one of the commissioners sent to adjust the Chile-Pe ruvian troubles. Mr. Hurlbut wrote

Duty of This Country.

"If the United States, after denying to these people every application for aid from any European state, shall themselves refuse any help in their desperate situation, it would seem to be almost a national breach of faith. I myself am a profound believer in the right and duty of the United States to control the political questions of continent, to the exclusion of any and all European dictations; this I believe to be the opinon held also by the American people and to have been asserted by Congress. This I also understand to be the doctrine of the administration, which sent me to

If this view of the Monroe doctrine had been maintained it would have made the United States the controlling factor in the political questions of South America. But the first steps taken by Mr. Blaine were soon after counteracted when Mr. Freylinghuy-sen became Secretary of State. The latter promptly disapproved the efforts which had been made by the American commissioners toward restraining Chile, and thereafter Chile had a free hand in dealing with her weaker neighbor. Mr. Pezet points out that Peru's present deplorable condition is large-ly the result of the unfortunate moves made by the United States, first toward restraining Chile and then in giving her a free hand. The author apparently infers from this that as the United States had so much to do with placing Peru where she is today, it is just to expect this country to take more than a merely sentimental inter-est in seeing that Peru receives justice at at Randolph, but word was received that Coke Company, which is the hands of her more powerful southern neighbor.

I nique Position of the Great Republic. Another interesting feature of the work is its showing of the extent to which the Monroe doctrine is carried by some of the most influential statesmen in South America. Dr. Alberto Elmor, justice of the supreme court of Peru, gives the following construction of the Monroe doctrine:

positive, protective and general character which the Monroe doctrine is asuming is a consequence of its natural development; only thus is it efficient for the defense of the essential and common rights of the American nations; only thus is it reality, for in order to condemn spoliation it makes no distinction as to the author; only with these conditions is it possible to prevent oppressed justice from seeking help

"It has been already proved that international law authorizes intervention within certain limits for the protection of the rights of another state, or of the outraged rights of humanity. Right and might are e two necessary conditions that alone can render intervention real and legitimately effective, as is the case in all judicial matters. Now, the great republic holds in America a specially prominent position. such as no European nation standing alone holds in the European continent; she holds a position in the balance of power, so predominant that she can stand up alone as the defender and guarantor of international rights, deserving the place spoken by Tac-itus of one of the Germanic peoples-the chief evidence of her virtue and power is that, being the first, she has never done an

Owing to the complications in South America just at present Mr. Pezet's treatment of the subject has attracted wide attention among leading officials of the gov ernment and members of the two branches of Congress. In literary circles it has been most favorably received, several of the presidents of leading colleges having expressed their approval of the work for its timely explanation of the affairs of the southern republics.

## Mr. Pezet's Position.

Mr. Pezet has been in charge of the Peruvian legation here during the last few months, while Minister Calderon has been attending the congress of American republies at Mexico. During this brief period the charge d'affaires has created a most favorable impression upon the officials of the State Department, who have had occasion to confer with him frequently in connection with the affairs of the congress at Mexico. Mr. Pezet has thus turned his short term of service to good account, both in an official and a literary way.

### GERMAN COAL COMBINES.

## Many Protests Against the High

Prices of the Product. One can hardly take up a Berlin newspaper without finding a report of some meeting of manufacturers or other class of fuel consumers to protest against the artificially maintained prices of coal and coke." This statement is made by United States Consul General Mason at Berlin in a report to the State Department, dated December 3. The paramount fact in the publie mind concerning the coal situation, states Mr. Mason, is that, notwithstanding the continued protests and present distress of many German industries, their narrow-ing output and enforced discharge of workmen, the German coal syndicates have per sisted in maintaining practically the same prices which they received for ing the flush activity of 1800 and 1900. Silesian coal of ordinary quality, it is stated, now retails at Berlin coal yards at about \$7.61 per metric ton of 2,204 pounds. Or-dinary Silesian steam coal costs in carload lots \$5.80 per ton, delivered in that city Therefore, Mr. Mason points out, as the river freight on coal from Hamburg to Berlin is about 72 cents per ton, it would seem that if American or other foreign soft coal can be landed at Hamburg for any price approaching \$3.80 per ton, there ought to be a chance for it in the retail market of the German capital.

Marietta to Replace the Machian The gunboat Marietta, which arrived at San Juan, Porto Rico, last week, will join the North Atlantic squadron at Cufebra Island: The Machias, which has been until recently the gunboat with the squadron, has now come north, and the Marietta will take her place during the evolutions in West Indian waters.

MANY CANDIDATES TALKED OF IN ATTEMPT TO BLOW UP GRAND NEW JERSEY CONTEST.

Former Attorney General Griggs Has Panie Among Guests at a Ball at the Strong Support-Uncertainties in the Situation

"In New Jersey the new year's interest s centered on the election of a successor to the late Senator William J. Sewell," said William M. Johnson, first assistant postmaster general, at the Arlington yesterday whither he had just returned from a three weeks' stay in the state indicated. "Four candidates are in the field and ali four are men prominent in the present republican party organization in New Jersey. The contest is really only just be gun, but it will terminate January 28, so the period of active campaigning will be short. It is altogether too soon now to anticipate the result.

Washingtonians will follow the candilacy of former Attorney General John W. Griggs closely and sympathetically, I know His residence here while in the Departmen of Justice and his pronounced ability make him a figure of unusual interest to the capi-tal. He announced himself as a candidate

only a few days ago.
"The others who are in the race are John

F. Dryden of Newark, a very wealthy man, who is now president of the Prudential Life Insurance Company; Edward C. Stokes, a young man of very attractive personality, a former state senator, and now state clerk in chancery; and Barker Gummere of Mercer county, one of the strongest republicans in Trenton. Mr. Stokes served in the legislature many years and is very popular. The two others are expected to be 'growing' candidates and gather strength as the campaign continues.

#### Race Open to Everybody.

"It is impossible to forecast the outcome. As there will be no ad interim appointment the race is practically open to everybody. But I think Mr. Griggs is the stronges man. He is one of the most prominent figures in the United States. In ability and experience he is easily the foremost man in the state republican organization. It may be I am strongly a Griggs partisan. I knew him when we were both boys. We are practically neighbors.

"We are cousins. And I have the greatest possible admiration for his ability. My second choice would be Mr. Stokes, whom I have known also for many years. He is very popular. Mr. Dryden will come to the legislature with the twelve votes of New ark pledged to his support, and that is a very good start. Mr. Gummere is a strong man, too. In all this it must be remem-bered that Senator Kean's attitude is an incertain factor.

"The legislature convenes on the 14th of the month. A week later Governor Voorhees will be succeeded by Franklin Murphy. The election occurs two weeks after assembling of the legislature."

Mr. Griggs' candidacy is in opposition to the regular "organization," which has se-lected as its candidate State Senator The latter was the late Senator Sewell's right-hand man, and has been thoroughly trained in the political methods which operated so successfully in the late enator's hands. It is conceded that, with Mr. Griggs' national reputation, earned during his administration of the Depart-ment of Justice under the late President McKinley, he will be a most formidable rival even to the "regular" candidate, but it is intimated here that in addition he is to receive the support of the potent Pennsylvania railroad influence

### MARY E. WILKINS MARRIED.

uthoress Weds Dr. Charles M. Freeman at Metuchen, N. J. RANDOLPH, Mass., January 2.-Friends of Mary E. Wilkins at this place today received cards announcing her marriage to Dr. Charles M. Freeman of Metuchen, N. J. When the cards were printed it was the in-Dr. Freeman's mother, on account of illess, was unable to make the journey to Massachusetts, and Miss Wilkins consented

### Army Orders.

was solemnized last evening.

to go to New Jersey, where the wedding

Maj. Robert F. Ames, 16th Infantry, has been ordered to the Washington barracks, in this city, for treatment at the United States General Hospital.

geon, has been ordered to Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for duty. Capt. Theodore B. Hacker, commissary

First Lieut, David Baker, assistant sur

has been granted one month's leave of absence Capt. Charles F. Kleffer assistant sur-

geon, has been relieved from duty in the Philippines and ordered to San Francisco, Maj. David A. Lyle, ordnance depart-

ment, has been relieved from duty as in-spector of ordinance at Philadelphia, Pa., and assigned to command of the Augusta arsenal, Georgia, relieving Maj. John Pitman, who is ordered to Springfield, Mass. to relieve Capt. Odus C. Horney, who is ordered to Watervliet arsenal, New York. He will relieve First Lieut. David M. King. who is ordered to Sandy Hook proving grounds for duty.

## Lieut. Jonas' Promotion.

It is expected that First Lieut. Edwin A. Jonas of the marine corps will be appointed captain and assistant quartermaster in that corps, to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of Capt. R. P. Faunt Le Roy. Lieut. Jonas is a nephew of Representative Meyer of Louisiana, and stands number one on the list of first lieutenants.

## Naval Orders.

Commander N. J. K. Patch has been assigned to duty in charge of the branch hydrographic office at Buffalo, N. Y., relieving Lieut, Commander J. H. Bull, who is ordered to the New York Hospital for treatment. Gunner C. Morgan has been detached

from the Pensacola and ordered to this city. Assistant Warrant Machinist J. M. Ober, from the Machias, and assigned to duty aboard the San Francisco.

Mr. Zimmerman's Appointment Urged.

Representative Bromwell of Cincinnati has asked the President to appoint Mr. Eugene Zimmerman of Ohio a member of the board of visitors to the Naval Academy. Mr. Zimmerman is a veteran of the war of the rebellion and has always manifested a personal interest in military affairs. His daughter is the wife of the Duke of Manhester.

### Views of the Perry Memorial. Secretary Long has received a set of large colored photographs illustrating the dedication last fall of the unique monument erected by the Japanese to commemorate the landing of Commodore Perry. The pictures are beautiful examples of Japanese color work. They are the gift of Baron Kentaro Kaneko, member of the

Japanese house of peers. Illustrated Lecture. The Men's Club of the North Carolina Avenue M. P. Church has invitations out for a lecture to be delivered at that church tomorrow evening by Mr. James A. Sample of the Treasury Department. The subject will be "What I Saw in Porto Rico," and

the lecture will be illustrated by stereop-

## Reports Loss of Diamond.

Harry Fleischman of Alexandria called at police headquarters today and reported the loss of a diamond worth \$500. The setting was lost or stolen from his scarfpin yesterday while he was on his way from Georgetown to the depot of the from Georgetown to the depot of the Mount Vernon electric road at 1314 street and Pennsylvania avenue. Detective Flather is looking for the missing ornament.

Notice for Appeal Filed. Mrs. Margaret E. Rodney today filed no tice of a motion for an appeal from the recent decree of Justice Hagner granting Lieutenant Commander Robert Burton Rodney, paymaster, retired, United States navy, a divorce from her.

States Burton who wishes his name withheld, has placed from her from her.

Who wishes his name withheld, has placed from her from her

Back Commit

# POLICY TOWARD PERU FOR SENATORIAL HONORS STUDENTS EXPLODE BOMB FOUR WERE KILLED MONEY FOR THE DISTRICT INCREASE IN THE RECEIPTS FINANCE AND TRADE

DUKE'S PALACE.

Palace in Kiev.

PARIS, January 2.-A dispatch to the

last night under the balcony of the palace

plosion occurred at a moment when the sa-

injured, though the damage done was con-

siderable. All the windows near the scene

of Sciences, aid-de-camp general and chief of the military schools of Russia.

A GUNBOAT FOR LIBERIA.

Attention of Secretary Long Called to

an Old Act of Congress.

Mr. W. B. Matchett of this city, repre-

senting the government of Liberia, called

on Secretary Long at the Navy Department

today and made a formal request that the

action of Congress as embodied in the act

of April 17, 1866, providing for the relief of

Liberia, be carried into effect. That act,

which was introduced in Congress by Sen-

ator Sumner and Representative Banks of

Massachusetts, provided for the transfer to

the government of Liberia any one of the

gunboats of the United States navy accep-

table to the government of Liberia which in the opinion of the Secretary of the Navy

could be conveniently spared for that pur-

The Secretary was empowered to enter

into a contract with a representative of

the Liberian government for the sale of the vessel to Liberia at a valuation to be

fixed by the Secretary. The sum was to be paid in ten annual installments.

Nothing was done in connection with this egislation until President Cleveland came

into power, when Secretary Herbert of the Navy Department set aside the old wooden

warship Swatara for the use of the Libe-

From one cause and another, however,

the order for the transfer of the vessel

quently the vessel was condemned as unfit

for further naval service and sold to the highest bidder. It is said Liberia wanted

the vessel as a gift and was unable to pay

The proposition now made by Mr.

Matchett is that the Navy Department set

aside another vessel on the same condi-tions to take the place of the Swatara,

promising in case the department takes

avorable action to produce the necessary

credentials from the Liberian governmen

neluding an official receipt for the vessel.

Secretary Long said that he was not fa-miliar with the subject and consequently was not prepared to state offhand what

could or would be done in the premises. He

requested Mr. Matchett to put his request in writing in which event the matter would

BIG DEAL IN COAL LANDS.

Steel Trust Lease Enough for Thirty

Year's Supply.

NEW YORK, January 2.-Judge E. H.

Gary of the United States Steel Corporation

announced today that the properties here-

tofore secured by the managers of the Po-

about 300,000 acres of fuel and coking coal,

Coke Company, which is controlled by the

Norfolk and Western Railway Company,

and that 50,000 acres of these lands had

been leased on a royalty basis to compa-

nies whose capital stock is owned or con-

trolled by the United States Steel Corpo-

Judge Gary said that within the compar-

atively near future there would be con-structed at least 3,000 of the most modern

coke ovens, with a capacity of at least 1,500,000 tons of coke, together with neces-

sary railroads, tipples, water works, elec-tric plants, power plants, residences, stores

GALE ON MASSACHUSETTS COAST.

Vessels Coated With Ice and Unable

to Make Sail.

west gale which has kept vessels harbored

here for forty-eight hours moderated dur-

ing the night, and as many of the fleet as

could do so made preparations to proceed.

All the craft were badly iced up and sev-

Capt. Eldridge of the Chatham life saving

crew was still on board the schooner which

he and his crew set out to assist yesterday, but as the vessel signaled for a tug, early today, and apparently was making prepa-

rations to get under way, it is thought

her signals for assistance were prompted only by the fact that she was disabled by

WARRANT FOR W. C. WAKEFIELD.

Promoter in Framingham Jail Now

Charged With Perjury.

SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, Mass., January

The instrument was issued on complaint

concern. The warrant will be served on him just as soon as an attempt is made to secure his release on ball on the charge of

larceny on which he was arrested on his ar-

rival here from London, just before Christ-

GLASS BLOWERS ON STRIKE.

Company at Bridgeton, N. J., Refuses

Demand for Advance.

NEW YORK, January 2.- The glass

blowers employed at the Cumberland win-

dow glass works, Bridgeton, N. J., went on

strike today. One hundred and fifty men

are out. The strike is the result of the

glass company's refusal to accede to the

demand of the men for a guaranteed mini-

Three hundred members of the Electrica

Inside Wiremen's Union of Newark, N. J.,

went on strike today. They have been receiving \$3 a day, and they demand \$3.50. They also refuse to handle material of

any kind that has been made by other than

Rev. Parker's Advice to Rulers.

LONDON, January 2.-In accordance with

his annual custom, the Rev. Joseph Par-

ker, minister of the City Temple, at today's

midday service in the temple, the first

held in 1902, read out a number of mes-

sages which he proposed to send to vari-

ous important persons in behalf of the congregation. The first message was intended for King Edward and the second for President Roosevelt, each sentence of which was

To Battle Against Consumption.

LONDON, January 2.- In consequence of

King Edward's active interest in the cru-

sade against consumption, a philanthropist.

to the same

mum wage of \$40 per week.

union workmen.

eartily cheered.

jail at Cambridge.

eral schooners could not make sail.

present basis of consumption, for

and other improvements.

with the iron ore supply.

receive due consideration.

ration.

was never carried into effect, and subse

ian government.

lons were thronged with guests.

Explosion of a Locomotive Boiler at Macon, Ga.

ELEVEN OTHERS: WERE INJURED

Patrie from Kiev, European Russia, under One of Victims Litterally the today's date, says a bomb was exploded Blown to Pieces. of the Grand Duke Constantine. The ex-

A great panic followed, but nobody was LIST OF THE CASUALTIES

of the explosion were shattered. Nihilist MACON, Ga., January 2.—The boiler of a students are suspected of committing the ecomotive of the Central of Georgia railoutrage. Fifteen students have been ar way exploded at the shops in this city today, killing five men outright and injuring eleven others, three of whom will probably The Grand Duke Constantine is a son of the late Grand Duke Constantine, who was the brother of Emperor Alexander II. One of the present Grand Duke Constantine's

Following is a list of the casualties: Dead: John M. McDonald, white; machinist. sisters is the Queen of Greece. The grand duke is president of the Imperial Academy

Tosh Hodges, white; engineer. Uriah Cornelius, colored; helper. James O'Nell, white. One unidentified

Alderman Robert L. Willis, badly scalded. W. M. Wilson. Edward Hembrick. Henry Fox, white, machinist; will die. Peter Hammond, colored.

"Doc" Meadows, colored. Lum Marshall, colored. P. H. Keller, white, Wm. White, white, James Handley. One unknown white man.

One body is so badly mutilated that it is impossible to tell whether it is of a white man or negro. The heads of two of the victims were blown completely off, and were found 100 feet from the bodies. The explosion wrecked the roundhouse in which the engine was standing. A negro was painting the top of the roundhouse. He was blown 100 yards, his body being reduced to an unrecognizable mass of human flesh. Alderman L. Willis was pass ing at the time and was severely injured. The concussion broke every window in a building at the corner of Poplar and 5th streets, five blocks from where the explosion occurred.

### STATEMENT ISSUED.

Knights of Labor Review the Existing Troubles. The General Assembly, Order of the Knights of Labor, has issued a printed statement defining the position of expelled members who are said to be fighting the

parent organization. The statement recites that the attempts made by the expelled members of the order to continue in possession of its affairs have en met by the general officers, and everything that was honest and honorable has done to protect the interests involved. It is further stated that owing to the fact that an injunctio nwas issued April 8 last, that none of the general officers have been able to perform any of the work of their offices. Testimony has been or dered to be taken to prove who are the rightful and legal general officers of the

The testimony on both sides will be com pleted in February, it is stated, and a final decision will be reached by the court in

#### LIEUT. R. H. FENNER MARRIED. His Bride a Daughter of a Wealthy Mine Owner.

HIGHLAND STATION, Kan., January 2 -Raymond Hope Fenner, a lieutenant in the United States army, and Miss Charlotte Elling, a daughter of the late Henry Elling of Virginia City, Mont., a millionaire cahontas coal syndicate, consisting of mine owner, were married here and left last night for Vancouver barracks, Wash., where Lieut. Fenner will be stationed tem-Lieut. Fenner arrived at San Francisco from the Philippines December 26. He served in the 6th United States Artillery as first lieutenant.

## Bricklayers Locked Out.

RICHMOND, Va., January 2.-Nearly all the brick work here is now suspended. About 200 bricklayers are out of work. They claim that they were locked out by the contractors' association, which demands that the working hours be from 8 to 5. The ricklayers want the hours from 7 to 4.

## Secretary Root Confers.

The companies controlled by the United States Steel Corporation by this lease se-cured sufficient coal to provide, on the Secretary Root spent most of the time at the War Department today in conference with Senators Lodge, Platt (of Connecticut) thirty years. This, with the Connellsville coal now owned by the company, should furnish the necessary supply of coke for and Spooner and Col. Edwards, chief of the insular division, in regard to the preparaapward of sixty years, thus corresponding tion of bills to be introduced in Congress to carry into effect the recommendations made by the Philippine commission and indorsed by the President and the Secretary of War for the establishment of necessary reforms in the government of the Philippine Islands. CHATHAM, Mass., January 2.-The north-

### Lord Pauncefote Improved. Lord Pauncefote, whose indisposition pre-

vented his attendance at the White House reception yesterday, was so much improved today that he was able to be downstairs. The ambassador has been troubled for some time with rheumatic gout, which took a rather acute turn a few days ago. confining him to his room. Although down-stairs he has not yet entirely thrown off the attack, but there is every prospect that he will soon be restored to his usual vigor.

Four-Hundred-Dollar Bill Missing. Dr. F. S. Coburn, who was formerly in the drug business in this city, but who is now connected with a mining company, reported to the police today that a \$500 bill had been stolen from his room in the Hotel

Johnson. A number of the doctor's friends called on him yesterday, his room door be-2.-A warrant has been secured from the ing left open most of the day and part of district court here charging perjury against the night. He discovered this morning that William C. Wakefield, the young promoter the bill was not in the pocket of a garment which he had left hanging in the room, and of large financial enterprises who is now in informed the police.

Detectives Weedon and Browne were assigned to the case, and they are looking for the bill, as well as for the person who that Wakefield, as treasurer of the International Copper Syndicate, swore falsely to returns made to the commissioner of cor-porations as to the capital stock of the

## Sudden Death.

John Davis, fifty-four years old, died suddenly about 4:30 o'clock this morning at his home, No. 215 Capitol avenue, Ivy City. As there had been no physician in attendance the case was reported to the coroner.

Gen. Merriam in the City. Gen. H. C. Merriam, retired, is on a visit to this city, and is staying at the Ebbitt.

Rev. John Wesley Beach Dead. MIDDLETOWN, Conn., January 2 .- Rev. John Wesley Beach, LL.D., formerly president of Wesleyan University, is dead at his residence here after a long sickness due partly to old age.

Great Britain's Naval Needs. GLASGOW, January 2.- The British admiralty has invited the Clyde shipyards to tender bids for the construction of two bat-tle ships, each of 18,500 tons; five armored first-class cruisers and two protected cruisers. The officials ask for promptitude. Work on twenty warships, now in course of construction, may be expedited. The new battle ships will have greater gun power than any vessels now in the navy.

#### The Crook at Port Said. Quartermaster General Ludington is informed of the arrival of the transport Crook at Port Said this morning. This ves-

story and cellar brick and stone parish

hall on North Capitol street between T and

sel is carrying troops to the Philippines, and Paymaster General Bates and his daughters are among the passengers. Capt. Pease Honorably Discharged. Building Permits Issued. Building permits have been issued as fol-Rev. Eugene Hannan, to build a two

DISCUSSED.

Conference at the Capitol in Regard to Meeting Extraordinary Local Expenditures.

There was a conference lasting nearly three hours today in the room of the Senate committee on the District of Columbia and it was taken part in by Senator Mc-Millan and Representative Babcock, chairmen of the District committees of the Senate and House, respectively; Commiss Macfarland, Ross and Biddle, Mr. Theodore W. Noyes and Gen. George H. Harries.

During the conference most of the important projected improvements for the District, and especially the question of raising money to meet extraordinary expenses, were discussed. The question as to whether the unusual expenses caused by the necessity for completing the filtration plant, the sewage system and other great im-provements should be met by a loan from the general government to the District, by a bond issue or by means of a personal tax was considered.

The opening of 16th street was discusse and Senator McMillan expressed himself in favor of the approval of the awards as they now stand, in view of the great importance of this thoroughfare and because of its character as a very wide street, making it different from other street-opening propositions in and damages. These awards amount nearly to \$750,000,

and being made at this time, will add to the difficulty in meeting expenditures without an arrangement for a loan in some manner. All of those present gave their views on the subjects discussed, but no ite conclusion of any kind was reached. It was not expected that any definite arrangement would result from the meeting, it being called merely for the purpose of exchanging opinion.
Senator McMillan will discuss these mat-

ers with Senator Allison and Represen tative Cannon, chairman of the appropria-tions committees of the Senate and House, respectively, and a further conference to be held in the Senate committee room will be attended by those who were present to-day, as well as others. The fact that Senator Allison will not return to this city for a couple of weeks, owing to the coming senatorial election in his state, will re sult in postponing action on many of these larger propositions. The subcommittee of the House appro-

priations committee, however, will take up the District bill next Tuesday, and the District Commissioners will appear them, as is customary, when their esti-mates are being considered. It is likely that the bill as it passes the House will merely provide for the regular expenses of the District of Columbia, and will not in-clude some of the larger projects, such as the filtration plant, sewerage system, etc. These will be taken up before the Senate appropriations committee, and they will have to be considered in connection with some plan for increasing the revenues of

#### MR. VAN ANTWERP'S FUNERAL. services at the House and Interment in Rock Creek Cemetery.

Funeral service for the late James S. Van Antwerp were held this morning at 11:30 o'clock at his residence, 2408 14th street. In addition to the relatives of the family many of his colleagues of the corps of correspondents and a number of his congressional friends were present. The casket, upon which were many beau-

tiful floral tributes, rested in the front parlor, where the funeral service of the Epis copal Church was read by the Rev. Dr. Perry of St. Andrew's. The body was then conveyed to Rock Creek cemetery, where the last rites were pronounced and the body committed to the grave. The pallbearers, chosen from among the

associates of the deceased, were Messrs, F. H. Hosford, J. P. Miller, C. A. Hamilton, C. A. Edwards, E. C. Snyder, Fred Schrader, W. W. Jermane and N. O. Messenger.

### DATE FIXED.

Chemical Engine No. 4 to Go Into Service Saturday Evening.

Mr. Robert W. Dutton, chief engineer of the District fire department, today announced that Chemical Engine Company No. 4, located on Lansing street in Brookland, will go into service at 6 o'clock Saturday evening. The company will be in charge of Foreman S. R. Henry, who has been transferred from command of Truck Company A. The Brookland engine house was formally dedicated the evening of December 12 last, the celebration concluding with a banquet given by the Brookland Association.

J. E. Hooper, at present foreman of En-gine Company No. 8, will replace Foreman Henry in command of truck A, and C. R. Kuhns of Engine Company No. 4, who was yesterday promoted to be foreman, will take command of Engine Company No. 8. Foreman Henry, who now goes to Brook-land, is one of the oldest and best known foremen in the service.

#### NEW MARRIAGE PROVISION. Under the Code Ministers Must Report

Rites Promptly. Marriage licenses issued today embraced a statement commanding the ministers, after having celebrated the rite of marriage between the parties, to make returns to the clerk's office of the Supreme Court of the District within ten days, "under a penalty of \$50 for default therein."

The words quoted are new, having been provided by the code of law now in force.

#### MRS. DENNIS BETTER. Condition Improved After Saline Solu

tion Was Administered. Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis, the patient at the Garfield Hospital who was assaulted and so frightfully injured more than three weeks ago, was reported this afternoon as being slightly better than she was yesterday. As anticipated in The Star, the patient was given a transfusion of saline solution late yesterday afternoon. She rallied only slightly and showed nothing like the change for the better that followed the use of the solution several days ago, but was brighter today than she had been for four

Her wounds showed signs of healing, although she was feverish. She recognized one of the physicians today and they more hopeful than they did yesterday. The case has been a puzzling one to the surgeons, who have at times almost abandoned hope. This afternoon they said they apprehended no immediate fatal termina-

### DR. NEVITT IN HOSPITAL. Will Undergo an Operation When He

Becomes Stronger.

Dr. J. Ramsey Nevitt, whose serious illness was mentioned in yesterday's Star. was removed to the Emergency Hospital today in order that an operation may be performed upon him. The operation will be deferred, however, until he becomes a little stronger. He was suffering consider able pain this morning, which is believed to be due to appendicitis, and when he reached the hospital he was rather weak. Should his condition improve by tomorrow Dr. W. P. Carr will probably perform the

News of Miss Stone's Condition. The last advice of the State Department respecting Miss Stone and Madame Tsilka is that both were alive and well, though still in captivity, at the end of last week. Further information as to the women's case is not obtainable.

operation.

Captain Frank D. Pease, assistant surgeon, United States Volunteers, has been honorably discharged from the service of he United States.

Chief Surgeon in Cuba. Maj. William C. Gorgas, surgeon, U. S. A. has been ordered to assume the duties of chief surgeon of the department of And the state of t

A Surplus for the Month of Over \$9,-

000,000 Coinage of the Mints

-Bank Circulation.

The monthly comparative statement of

the government receipts and expenditures

shows that for the month of December the

total receipts were \$47,061,964, which is an

increase over December, 1900, of \$215,456.

The expenditures for the month amounted

to \$37,818,998, which leaves a surplus for

the month of \$9,742,966. The expenditures

for the month were nearly \$3,000,000 less

than for December, 1900. The surplus for

the first six months of the present fiscal

year is approximately \$18,000,000. The re-

ceipts from customs during December

amounted to \$21,039,827, as against \$18,-

496,634 for the corresponding month in

From internal revenue sources, \$23,194,-

575, as against \$25,260,693 for December,

1900. From miscellaneous sources, \$2,827,-

561, as against \$3,089,179 for December,

1900. The expenditures charged to the War Department last month shows a decrease of

\$2,200,000, and in the amount charged to the Navy Department an increase of \$797,000 is

shown. An increase of \$15,000 is shown in

Government receipts from internal revenue today were \$1,341,395; customs, \$1,-

156,211; miscellaneous, \$192,247. Expend-

Coinage of the Mints

The monthly statement of the director

the mint shows the coinage executed at the

mints of the United States during Decem-

ber to have been \$14,649,321, as follows:

Gold, \$12,309,327; silver, \$1,966,514; minor

coins, \$373,480. Of the total coinage \$11,500,-

620 was in double eagles. \$610,740 in eagles.

\$1,534,278 in standard dollars. The total

coinage for the calendar year ended De-

cember 31 was \$134,093,770, of which

the year's coinage \$34,150,520 was in

double eagles, \$46,036,160 in eagles, \$21,-

ter eagles. Of the silver coined \$22,566.813

was in standard dollars, \$3,119,928 in half

dollars, \$2,644,369 in quarters and \$2,507,350

in dimes. There was also coined \$1,324,010 in nickels and \$796,111 in pennies.

Increased Bank Circulation.

The monthly circulation statement of the

controller of the currency shows that at

the close of the year 1901 the circulation of

national bank notes was \$360,289,726, an in-

crease, as compared with December 31, 1900.

of \$20,148,551, and an increase for the

month of \$569.015. The circulation, based

009,303, an increase for the year of \$16,-714,632, and a decrease for the month of

\$1,202,880. The circulation secured by law-

ful money amounted to \$35,280,420, an increase for the year of \$3,433,919, and an in-

crease for the month of \$1,771.895. The amount of United States registered bonds

on deposit to secure circulating notes was \$328,280,280, and to secure public deposits,

TO AMEND PHILIPPINE TARIFF.

Senators.

that the bill will ultimately have to be

shaped in a conference committee between

The argument made in favor of amending

products coming to this country. The Fili-

products subjected to the tax of the Ding-

ley bill, but in addition will have to bear

an additional burden in the export tax

placed upon the articles before they leave

the islands. Heavy freight rates and a

long haul are other disadvantages keenly

felt when the products are competing with

The duty on hemp under the Dingley bill

is \$20 a ton. The Taft commission's tariff

hemp shipped from the Philippines. There

is an export tax of \$15 a ton on tobacco, and

ducts of the island, all of which enhance

compete with Cuba with her tobacco or su-

gar and that in these two staples she will

be at a heavy disadvantage when compared

with many tropical countries that now find

Washington Stock Exchange.

rond Stocks-Capital Traction Co., 106 bid.

the United States a profitable market.

Cuba and the West Indies.

customs duties.

ular Dingley rates.

ner intimated.

\$110.844.650.

the two houses.

on United States bonds, amounted to

was

or

\$101,735,187 was gold, \$30,838,460

320,200 in half eagles and \$228,307 in

silver and \$2,120,122 minor coins.

the amount of pensions paid.

itures, \$1,990,000.

1900.

DIFFERENT MEANS OF RAISING IT STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENT FI-Coal Road Shares Were the Feature NANCES FOR DECEMBER. in Wall Street.

BUYING OF ST.

Steel Stocks Were the Favorites

in Industrial List.

Special Disputch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, January 2 -- A moderate in crease in the volume of commission business and further activity by the banking interests resulted in a strong and active

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

stock market this afternoon. London bought a few stocks, and foreign houses reported a willingness, on the part of European clients, to follow any decided movement on this side. The money rate advanced to 10 per cent for a time during the morning, and traders sold stocks in anticipation of a further shifting of loans.

At the banks it was said that there was no significance attached to the advance in call loans, and abundant funds are promised by the middle of the month. Time loans are to be had upon a most satisfactory basis, and this fact encourages those who are looking beyond the fluctuations of

the next few days. The coal stocks were leaders in the demand, practically every issue in the anthracite group being bought by houses supposed to operate for the interests behind the great railroad mergers. Reading seems to reflect a demand inspired by something more important than the prevailing profits in the coal output. Erie is taken in

in spite of the nattering showing made since the acquisition of the Pennsy vanis Coal Company. The buying in the two properties named was vigorous at times, and the best prices of the season were recorded during the arternoon. Delaware and Hudson reflects a prospect for an 8 per cent dividend decsaration at the next meeting, and Ontario and Western gives evidence of its strong position in case any consolidations are to be made looking to the control of the out-

amounts not whomy justined by earnings,

the buying of St. Paul was credited to inside interests and numerous short accounts were covered during the morning ROCK Island advanced under a mixed demand, in which a prominent Chicago interest was active. Union Pacific and southern racine were bid up by a pool in those snares, but the latter seemed to advance the more willingly.

The announcement that the retirement of Northern Pacine preferred stock had been omeially declared an accomplished fact, in view of the liberal deposits of stock, had a tavorable inhuence on the properties concerned in the Northern Securities Company transaction. Great Northern preferred was noticeably firm as the result of this encouraging prospect.

Several low-priced issues were made ac-tive by pools, and a strong enter is being made to attract attention to such issues as report good earnings but are as yet with Strong Disposition Among Republican out demands. Certain second stocks are being brought to the front be-There is strong disposition among some cause the first preference certificates are republican senators to amend the Philipgetting, or are about to get, run dividend pines tariff bill as it came from the House. In the industrial department the steel Pressure will be brought to bear in behalf of such action, and the probabilities are

stocks are in tayor, as the result of splendid earnings and the assurance that business is aiready upon a basis of assured profits for 1502. In all departments of trading there is a most encouraging sentiment among the larger interests. it may be said with some degree of justice that the bill is that as the measure now stands the leaders are all committed to higher prices, but it is only fair to add that the snow little desire to realize at going quopino producers will not only have their

There are matters of importance in pros pect which encourage noiders to await nigher prices, and all the impatience is centered among the professional traders, who are unusually remote from the factors upon which the big people depend.

# FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

New York Stock Market. Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers, 1419 F st., members New York stock exchange, Washington stock exchange and Chicago board of trade.

bill places an export tax of \$7.50 a ton on Open. High. Low. 70% 68% 81 30% 87% 86% 81% 31% 46% 45% 98 98 118% 117% 20% Am. Car & Foundry ..... Am. Car & Foundry,pfd taxes on indigo, cocoanuts and other pro-the price of the products in addition to the American Sugai It is claimed that the Philippines cannot Atchison, Top. & S. Fe .... Atch., Top. & S. Fe, pfd... Baltimore & Ohio...... Baltimore & Ohio. pid... Brooklyn Rap, Transit...

35% 58

The proposition to be made in the Senate is to grant concessions from the tariff rates on articles paying an export tax, so that the total of the export tax and the Central of New Jersey.... hesapeake & Ohio ..... customs dues will be equivalent to the reghicago Great Western Chicago, Mil. 4 St. Paul Chicago, Rock I. 4 P..... t olorado Fuel and Iron... The subject was thoroughly discussed in the ways and means committee, where an effort was made to abolish the export tax. Consolidated Gas...... The question of the "open door in the orient" came up, and the decision of the Delaware and Hudson on..... committee was to make no concession. The open-door proposition will also be consid-Erie 2d pfd. ered by the Senate, and if the broad prin-ciple of that commercial doctrine can be maintained the outlook is said to be very

favorable to amending the bill in the man-Missouri Pacific. National Lead . Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—Regular call, 12 o'clock m.—U. S. Reg. 3s, \$500 at 108%. Capital Traction, 10 at 106%, 10 at 106%, 20 at 106%, 20 at 106%. Mergenthaler Linotype, 1 at 173, 10 at 171, 1 at 172%, 1 at 172, 1 at 170%, 10 at 170, 20 at 170. Greene Copper, 10 at 33%.

District of Columbia Bonds—3.65s, funding, 125% bid. New York Central..... N. Y., Ontario & West.... Norfolk and Western .... Pennsylvania R R.

bid.

Miscellaneous Bonds—Capital Traction 4s, 1963½ bid, 1073½ asked. Metropolitan Railroad 5s, 118 bid, 120 asked. Metropolitan Railroad Cert. Indebt., A, 105 bid, 107 asked. Metropolitan Railroad Cert. Indebt., B, 105 bid, 107 asked. Columbia Railroad 6s, 117 bid. Columbia Railroad 2d mort. 5s, 105 bid. Washington Gas Co. 6s, series A, 110 bid, 115 asked. Washington Gas Co. 6s, series B, 110 bid, 115 asked. U. S. Electric Light Deb. Imp. 6s, 104 bid. U. S. Electric Light Cert. Indebt. 6s, 104 bid. Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone 5s, 104½ bid. 106½ asked. American Security and Trust 4s, 100 bid. Washington Market Co. 1st 6s, 108½ bid. Washington Market Co. Imp. 6s, 108½ bid. Washington Market Co. Imp. 6s, 108½ bid. Washington Market Co. Exten. 6s, 108½ bid. Masonic Hall Association 5s, 104 bid. Safe Deposit and Trust Companies—National Safe Reading, 1st pfd. outhern Railway. Southern Railway, pfd... Tenn, Coaland Iron..... lexas Pac

8 Leather, pfd .. Safe Deposit and Trust Companies—National Safe Deposit and Trust, 150 bid, 160 asked. Washington Loan and Trust, 185 bid, 193 asked. American Security and Trust, \*21614 bid, 225 asked. Washington Safe Deposit, 65 bid. Union Trust and Storage, 106 bid, 10714 asked. Washington Savings Bank, 100 bid.

Railroad Stocks—Capital Traction Co. 108 bid.

Visconsin central

Rallrond Stocks—Capital Traction Co., 106 bid, 1061/4 asked.
National Bank Stocks.—Bank of Washington, 375 bid, 430 asked. Metropolitan, 725 bid. Central, 235 bid. Farmers and Mechanics', 285 bid. Second, 168 bid. Citizens', 185 bid. Columbia, 175 bid. Capital, 150 bid, 170 asked. West End, 123 bid. Traders', 135 bid. Lincoln, 125 bid, 135 asked. Riggs, 600 bid, 750 asked.
Insurance Stocks.—Firemen's, 25 bid. Franklin, 455 bid. Stocks. Metropolitan, 75 bid. Baltimore Markets. BALTIMORE. January 2-Flour, firm, unchanged; receipts, 10,535; exports, 157. Riggs, 600 bid, 750 asked.

Insurance Stocks.—Firemen's, 25 bid. Franklin, 45 bid, 55 asked. Metropolitan, 75 bid, 85 asked. Corcoran, 62 bid. Potomac, 68 bid. Arlington, 25 bid, 28 asked. German-American, 236 bid. National Union, 7½ bid, 8½ asked. Columbia, 10½ bid, 12½ asked. Riggs, 7 bid, 8 asked. People's, 5½ bid, 6½ asked. Commercial, 4 bid. Colonial, 119 asked. Wheat, strong; spot and the month, 85½a85%; February, 86½a86%; May, 87½a 87%; steamer, No. 2 red, 82%a82%; receipts, 7,224; exports, none; southern by sample 75a86; southern on grade, 83a86.

Corn, firm—Spot and the month, 66%a66%; February, 67%a67%; May, 69a69%; steamer mixed, 65%a65%; receipts, 25.569 bushels; exports, 560 bushels; southern white corn, 61%a68%; southern yellow corn, 60%a67%. Oats firm: No. 2 white, 52%a53; No. 2 mixed, 51%a52; receipts, 4.941; exports

Rye nominal; No. 2 nearby, 68a69; No. 2 western, 70; receipts none; exports no Hay steady; No. 1 timothy, \$15.50a16.

Hay steady; No. 1 timothy, \$15.50a16.
Grain freights, quiet, unchanged.
Butter, firm, unchanged; fancy imitation,
18a19c.; fancy creamy, 25a26c.; fancy ladle,
16a17c.; fancy roll, 17a18c.; good roll,
15a16c.; store packed, 18a15c.
Eggs, firm: fresh, 27c.
Cheese, firm, unchanged; large, 10% 10% e.;
medium, 11a11%c.; small, 11% 11%c.
Sugar, firm, unchanged; fine and coarse

Sugar, firm, uncl New York Cotton.